## II. RÁKÓCZI FERENC KÁRPÁTALJAI MAGYAR FŐISKOLA FILOLÓGIAI TANSZÉK

# JÓVÁHAGYTA A Felvételi Bizottság elnöke ......Csernicskó I. «.....». .....2021.

### KÜLÖNBÖZETI VIZSGA FELADATOK TÉMAKÖREI ANGOL NYELVBŐL

"BSc" képzési szintre angol nyelv és irodalom szakra (II. évfolyam)

Kidolgozták a II. Rákóczi Ferenc Kárpátaljai Magyar Főiskola Filológiai Tanszékének munkatársai: Lizák Katalin, Lőrincz Marianna, Vrábely Tamás, Bárány Béla, Fodor Katalin, Szilágyi László, Jáblonyko Tamás.

#### Előszó

A komplex feladatsor magába foglalja mindazokat a szakmai ismereteket, amelyeket az első évfolyamos hallgatók az angol nyelv és irodalom szakos alapképzés (BSc "Bachelor" szint) során tanulnak. A felvételi vizsga írásbeli teszt formájában történik és a következő tantárgyak kérdéseit tartalmazza: országismeret (Nagy-Britannia), angol elméleti és gyakorlati fonetika, angol beszéd - és írásgyakorlat, az angol nyelv története, az angol nyelv gyakorlati nyelvtana. A teszt 50 kérdésből tevődik össze. Minden helyes válasz 2 pontot ér. Az összes feladat helyes megoldásával a felvételiző 100 pontot érhet el. A felvételi teszt megírására 60 perc áll a jelentkezők rendelkezésére.

#### A vizsga témakörei

#### 1. Angol nyelv gyakorlati nyelvtana

- 1. The Verb. Formal and Functional Classification of Verbs.
- 2. Verb Categories: Tense, Voice, Aspect.
- 3. Verb Categories: Mood, Number and Person.
- 4. The formation and use of the Present Simple Tense.
- 5. The formation and use of the Past Simple Tense.
- 6. The formation and use of the Present Continuous Tense.
- 7. The formation and use of the Past Continuous Tense.
- 8. Verbs not used in the continuous form.
- 9. The formation and use of the Present Perfect Tense.
- 10. The formation and use of the Past Perfect Tense.
- 11. The formation and use of the Present Perfect Continuous and Past Perfect Continuous.
- 12. The formation and use of the Future Simple.
- 13. The formation and use of the Future Continuous.
- 14. The formation and use of the Future Perfect.
- 15. The formation and use of the Future Perfect Continuous.
- 16. Means of expressing Future: tenses and expressions.
- 17. The Passive Voice: Simple Tenses in Passive.
- 18. The Passive Voice: Continuous Tenses in Passive.
- 19. The Passive Voice: Perfect Tenses in Passive.
- 20. The Causative construction.
- 21. Direct and Indirect Speech. The sequence of tenses.
- 22. Reported Statements.
- 23. Reported Questions, Command and Orders.
- 24. Reported Speech: requests, advice, invitation, offers, suggestions etc.
- 25. Exclamations in Indirect Speech. Modal verbs in reporting.
- 26. The rules of the sequence of tenses. Changes in reported speech: tense, person, place and time. Cases when no tense change is required.
- 27. Formal classification of the Nouns. Formation of the Noun.
- 28. Noun Categories: the category of gender.
- 29. Noun Categories: the category of case. The formation of the genitive (possessive case). Genitive plural.
- 30. Noun Categories: Number. Countable and Uncountable Nouns.
- 31. Material and abstract nouns.
- 32. Formation of the Plural. Spelling Rules. Irregular plural.
- 33. Logical Categories of Nouns. Collective Nouns treated as singular and as plural.

- 34. Subject-verb agreement.
- 35. Compound Nouns. The plural of compounds.
- 36. The article: forms of the article. The Use of the Definite Article.
- 37. The article: forms of the article. The Use of the Indefinite Article.
- 38. The article: forms of the article. The Use of the Zero article
- 39. The Use of the Articles with Proper Nouns.
- 40. The use of articles with material and abstract nouns. Special cases of using the articles with names of meals, nouns used for primary meaning (e.g. school).
- 41. The pronoun. Classification.
- 42. The pronoun. Types of pronouns. Personal and Possessive Pronouns.
- 43. The pronoun. Types of pronouns. Demonstrative and Reflexive Pronouns.
- 44. The pronoun. Types of pronouns. Interrogative and Relative Pronouns.
- 45. The pronoun. Types of pronouns. Indefinite Pronouns.

#### Módszertani ellátottság

- 1. Alexander, L. G. (1990). *Longman Essential Grammar Practice for Intermediate Students*. Harlow. Longman.
- 2. Budai L., Dr. (1994) English Grammar. Theory and Practice." Nemzeti Tankönyvkiadó, Budapest
- 3. Hewings, M. (1999) Advanced Grammar in Use. Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Karaban, V.I., Chernovaty, L. M. (eds.) (2006) *Practical Grammar of English*. Volume II. Nova Knyha, Vinnitca.
- 5. Murphy, R. (2004) English Grammar in Use. CUP, Cambridge.
- 6. Murphy, R. (2004) English Grammar in Use. Supplementary exercises. CUP, Cambridge.
- 7. Paraschuk, V. and Gricjuk, L. (2002). *English Grammar. Upper Intermediate*. Nova Knyha Publishers.
- 8. Vince, M. (1998). First Certificate Language Practice. Macmillan Heinemann English Language Teaching, Oxford.

#### Ajánlott szakirodalom

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- 3. Budai L., Dr. (2007) Élő angol nyelvtan. Rendszeres kontrasztív grammatika sok példával. Osiris, Budapest.
- 4. Sinclar, J. (ed.) (1990) Collins Cobuild English Grammar. Collins, London & Glasgow.
- 5. Hewings, M. (2005) Advanced Grammar in Use. New Edition. Cambridge University Press
- 6. Karaban, V.I., Chernovaty, L. M. (eds.) (2006) *Practical Grammar of English*. Volume I. Nova Knyha, Vinnitca.
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- 8. Paraschuk, V. and Gricjuk, L. (2002) English Grammar. Upper Intermediate. Nova Knyha Publishers.

#### Kiegészítő olvasmányok

- 1. Swan, M. (2005). Practical English Usage. Oxford University Press.
- 2. Hewings, M. (1999). Advanced Grammar in Use. Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Eastwood, J. (2006). Oxford Practice Grammar. Intermediate. Oxford University Press.
- 4. Dooley, J., Evans, V. (1999). Grammarway 4. Express Publishing, Newbury.
- 5. Murphy, R. (2004). English Grammar in Use. CUP, Cambridge.

6. Murphy, R. (2004). *English Grammar in Use. Supplementary exercises*. CUP, Cambridge.

#### 2. Angol elméleti és gyakorlati fonetika

- 1. The subject of phonetics. Answer the question in general.
- 2. The organs of speech. Enumerate the organs of speech in accordance with their active and passive functions.
- 3. How do we classify vowels in the English language? Answer the question giving examples
- 4. How do we classify consonants in the English language? Answer the question giving examples
- 5. Write about the cases of falling tone in the English language. Give examples.
- 6. Write about the cases of rising tone in the English language. Give examples.
- 7. The mechanism of producing speech sounds. Enumerate the active and passive organs of speech.
- 8. Intonation in different kinds of simple sentences. Give examples.
- 9. Write about the English syllable types. Give examples for each type.
- 10. The main modification of sounds in connected speech? Illustrate your answer with examples.
- 11. What is the so called Received Pronunciation or RP? Write about the types of RP.
- 12. The classification of English speech sounds: Consonants
- 13. The classification of English speech sounds: Vowels
- 14. Write about the American variant of English pronunciation. Illustrate your answer with examples.
- 15. Assimilation and accommodation. Illustrate your answer with examples.
- 16. What does phonetics deal with? Answer the question in general
- 17. Qualitative features of speech production. Write about the allophonic variations: place of mouth articulation and voice.
- 18. Qualitative features of speech production. Write about the allophonic variations: Lip position and nasal resonance.
- 19. Qualitative features of speech production. Write about the phonemic variations: assimilation and accommodation.
- 20. Prosodic features of speech production. Write about prominence, stress and pitch.
- 21. Prosodic features of speech production. Write about reduction and elision. Give examples.
- 22. Prosodic features of speech production. Write about intonation in general. Give examples.
- 23. The organs of speech and their role in producing sounds.
- 24. Consonants in English. Write about affricates.
- 25. Consonants in English. Write about fricatives.
- 26. The choice of models of pronunciation: native speakers and foreign learner.
- 27. Write about the mechanism of producing speech sounds.
- 28. What does phonetics deal with? Write about its aspects.
- 29. Rhythm, reduction, elision. Write about these topics in general.
- 30. Word stress and sentence stress. Write about the topics in general, give examples.

#### Módszertani ellátottság

- 1. Babiychuk, L.V., Bekhta, I.A. (2009). English Phonetics. A Theoretical Course For the Students of the Faculty of Foreign Languages. Lviv: Interprint.
- 2. Crystal, D. (1997). The Cambridge Encyclopedia of the English Language. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

- 3. Hewings, M. (1995). Pronunciation Tasks. Cambridge: CUP.
- 4. Ladefoged, P. (1996). Elements of Acoustic Phonetics. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. The University of Chicago Press, Ltd. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Special:BookSources/0226467635
- 5. Паращук, В.Ю. (2005). Теоретична фонетика англійської мови: Навчальний посібник для студентів іноземних мов. Вінниця, Нова Книга.

- 1. Ветохов, А.М. (2004). Проблемы овладения иностранными языками: истоки трудностей и пути их преодоления. *Практична психологія та соціальна робота, №8*, 68-73.
- 2. Димитренко, Л.В. (2002). Методичні рекомендації та завдання з курсу "Теоретична фонетика англійської мови" для студентів факультету іноземної філології. Херсон: Вид-во ХДУ.
- 4. Паращук, В.Ю. (2009). *Теоретична фонетика англійської мови*. Вінниця : Нова Книга.

#### Kiegészítő olvasmányok

- 1. Crystal, D. (1997). English as a Global Language. Cambridge: CUP.
- 2. Crystal, D. (2002). The English Language. London.
- 3. Leontyeva, S.F. (1980). A Theoretical Course of English Phonetics. M.

#### 3. Az angol nyelv története

- 1. Which family of languages does the English language belong to? What relationship does it have with other languages spoken in Europe, Asia etc?
- 2. What is the most striking feature of the orthography of the English language?
- 3. What has contributed to the flexibility of the language?
- 4. What are the three main stages recognized in the history of the development of the English language.
- 5. Who were the first Germanic tribes settled in Britain in 449? What are the four major dialects used during the Old English period?
- 6. What are the main grammatical changes of the Middle English period?
- 7. What is the role of Latin and Greek during the Renaissance? What caused the increased borrowings from other languages?
- 8. What is the speech of the educated people in the 20th century England? What is it based on?
- 9. Where did the first tribes settle on the island? What happened to the native Celts?
- 10. What are the major grammatical features of 'Standard' Old English?
- 11. Why was the word order freer in Old English sentences than later?
- 12. What is the main outcome of the Norman Conquest in the writing system?
- 13. What is the result of the Statute of Pleading in 1362?
- 14. What are the main consequences of the Transition from Middle English to Early Modern English?
- 15. What is the outcome of the population increase in London in the 13th century?
- 16. How did the Great Vowel Shift change the pronunciation?
- 17. What is the name of the linguist who termed the change the Great Vowel Shift?
- 18. What are the attempts made by the Royal Society of London and later Jonathan Swift to found an authoritative arbiter over the English tongue?
- 19. What did Johnson base his dictionary on? How did his contemporary fellows react on the dictionary?
- 20. How did the increased borrowings take place during this period?
- 21. What are the major differences between RP and the Northern Dialect spoken in the north of England?

- 22. What are the main peculiarities of the Lowland Scottish Dialect?
- 23. What are the chief features of the Welsh and the Irish accents?
- 24. How many dialects exist in the USA? What are their major peculiarities?
- 25. Are there any significant characteristic features of Canadian English?
- 26. What are the most common modern variations of American English?
- 27. What are the most common characteristic features of Australian and New-Zealand English?
- 28. What is the role of English in most African countries?
- 29. How do Pidgin and Creole evolve? What are their most significant peculiarities?
- 30. What are the most reasonable predictions of the future of English?

- 1. Бельмаз, Я. М. (2014). Історія англійської мови: лекційно-практичний курс: навч. посібник. Горлівка: Вид-во ГІІМ ДВНЗ ДДПУ.
- 2. Верба, Л. Г. (2004). Історія англійської мови: Посіб. для студ. та викл. вищ. навч. закл. Вінниця: Нова книга.
- 3. Романишин, І. М. (2012). Контроль і оцінювання навчальних досягнень студентів з історії англійської мови: методичні рекомендації. Івано-Франківськ: Видавництво «НАІР».
- 4. Ікалюк, Л. М., Ковбаско, Ю. Г. (2014). *History of the English Language : навчально-методичний посібник*. Івано-Франківськ: Видавництво: HAIP.

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- 1. Кубрак, І. С. (2001). Англійська мова в історичній та етнокультурній парадигмі германських мов. Донецьк : Либідь.
- 2. Crystal, D. (1994). The Cambridge encyclopedia of the English language. London: BCA.
- 3. The Oxford History of English [ed. L. Migglestone]. Oxford University Press, 2006.
- 4. Hogg, R. (2006). A history of the English language. Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Freeborn, D. (1992). From Old English to standard English. A course book of English variation across time. London: McMillan.

#### 4. Angol beszéd - és írásgyakorlat

- 1. Personal Identification.
- 2. Life events. About myself.
- 3. Appearance and disposition.
- 4. Jobs and professions.
- 5. Interests of young people in English-speaking countries and Ukraine.
- 6. Family.
- 7. Family relations.
- 8. Marriage and wedding customs in English-speaking countries and Ukraine.
- 9. Family problems. Bringing up children.

#### 10. There's no place like home.

- 11. Houses and housing in English-speaking countries and Ukraine.
- 12. Living conditions. Inside the house.
- 13. Students' accommodation.
- 14. Household chores.

#### 15. At your service.

- 16. Using public services.
- 17. Types of shops.
- 18. Shopping. Money, payment and prices.
- 19. Clothes and fashion.
- 20. Earth is dearer than gold.

- 21. Seasons and weather.
- 22. Environmental problems.
- 23. Travel broadens the mind.
- 24. Types of holidays.
- 25. Urban and rural life. Native town, village.
- 26. Daily routines.
- 27. University studies.
- 28. Students' day off.
- 29. Learning habits and strategies.
- 30. Meals and cooking.
- 31. Food and drink.
- 32. Eating habits in English-speaking countries and Ukraine.
- 33. Eating out.
- 34. Sports and entertainment.
- 35. Types of sports.
- 36. Free-time activities.
- 37. The media.
- 38. The news.
- 39. Newspapers.
- 40. TV Guide.

- 1. Тучина, Н.В., Меркулова Т.К., Кузьміна В.С. (2009). *Speak English with pleasure*. Харків :Torsing.
- 2. Cullingford, C., Szabo, T. (2003). *British Culture: An Exercise in Understanding*. Budapest: Nemzeti Tankönyvkiadó.
- 3. Evans, V., Dooley, J. (2002). *Upstream (Intermediate) Student's Book*. Express Publishing.
- 4. Evans, V., Dooley, J. (2002). *Upstream (Intermediate) Workbook*. Express Publishing.
- 5. Némethné Hock Ildikó, 1000 Questions 1000 Answers, 1997
- 6. Polupan, V.L., Polupan, A.P., Makhova, V.V. (2003). *A cultural reader. English speaking countries*. Akademia.
- 7. Yanson, V., Svistun, L. (2002). A Practical guide for learners of English. 1 Kyiv: Logos.

#### Kiegészítő olvasmányok

- 1. Crowther, J. (Ed.) (1999). Oxford Guide to British and American Culture for Learners of English. Oxford: OUP.
- 2. Illés, É. (2002). Ways and Words in England. Budapest: Corvina.
- 3. McCarthy M., O'Dell, F. (1994). English Vocabulary in Use. Oxford: OUP.
- 4. Redman, S. & Shaw, E. (1999). Vocabulary in Use. Intermediate. CUP, 1999
- 5. Sheerin, S., Seath, J., White, G. (1999). Spotlight on Britain. Oxford: OUP.
- 6. Vince, M. (2003). First Certificate Language Practice. N.Y.

#### 5. Országismeret (Nagy-Britannia).

- 1. Geographical position of the United Kingdom. Physical relief. Climate of the UK.
- 2. British economy.
- 3. History. Early Britain. The Roman conquest of Britain. The Anglo-Saxon conquest of Britain. The Roman invasion.
- 4. British history. Medieval England. Tudor England.

- 5. British history. The 18<sup>th</sup> century and 19<sup>th</sup> century.
- 6. British history. The 20<sup>th</sup> century.
- 7. National symbols, emblems in the UK.
- 8. Education. British schools. Higher education.
- 9. The UK of Great Britain and N.I. National holidays, customs and traditions.
- 10. Food and drink in the UK.
- 11. The UK. Politics and government. The legal system.
- 12. Famous historical figures of Great Britain.
- 13. Famous British scientists and inventors.
- 14. Great Britain and NI. The arts (painting, sculpture).
- 15. Great Britain and NI. The arts (architecture, music).
- 16. Geography and economy of the United States of America. The climate. Population. Ethnic groups.
- 17. Economy and business in the USA.
- 18. History of America. The New World. The first English settlements.
- 19. Colonial America. The Independent movement. The War for Independence. The American Civil War. The late 19th century.
- 20. The first part of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century. World War I. The Roaring Twenties. Depressions years.
- 21. World War II. The USA in a divided world. The second part of the 20<sup>th</sup> century. The Vietnam war; The Korean war. America in the 21<sup>st</sup> century.
- 22. The USA. National symbols, emblems.
- 23. The USA. National holidays, customs and traditions.
- 24. Food and drink in the USA.
- 25. Education in the USA. The system of education. Secondary education. Higher education.
- 26. Politics and government in the USA. The legal system.
- 27. Famous historical figures of the USA.
- 28. Outstanding American scientists and inventors.
- 29. Cultural life of Americans (music and painting).
- 30. Cultural life of Americans (sculpture, architecture).

- 1. Гапонів А. (2005): Лінгвокраїнознавство. Nova Knyha Publishers.
- 2. Глазкова, І.Я. (2011). *Країнознавство*. *Модульний курс: Навчальний посібник для студентів*. Бердянськ: Видавець Ткачук О.В.
- 3. Голицынский, Ю.Б. (2003). Великобритания. Страноведение. СПб.: КАРО.
- 4. Голицынский, Ю.Б. (2003). *Соединенные Штаты Америки. Страноведение.* СПб.: КАРО.
- 5. Gina, D.B., Clemen, L. (2001): British History Seen Through Art with Audio CD. BLACK CAT
- 6. Brodey, K. (2007): A Concise History of Britain. La Spiga Languages.
- 7. Brodey, K. (2007): A Concise History of the United States. La Spiga Languages.
- 8. Oakland, J. (2011): British Civilization An Introduction, 7th Edition. Routledge.
- 9. Mauk, J. Oakland, J. (2009): American Civilization An Introduction, 5th Edition, Routledge,
- 10. Christopher, D. (2006): British Culture An Introduction 2nd Edition. Routledge.
- 11. Campbell, N. Kean, A. (2012): American Cultural Studies: An Introduction to American Culture. Routledge.

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- 1. Гужва, Т.М., Гусак, Т.М. (2008). The Parth to University. Тести з англійської мови для студентів університетів та абітурієнтів: Навчальний посібник. Київ: Фірма «ІНКОС», Центр учбової літератури.
- 2. Мишко, С.А., Шпонтак, В.В. (2001). *Great Britain in the 18<sup>th</sup> century*. Ужгород, УжДІІЕП.
- 3. Мишко, С.А., Шпонтак, В.В. (2001). The Earliest Times and the Early Middle Ages of Great Britain. Ужгород, УжДІІЕП.
- 4. Полупан, В.Л., Полупан, О.П., Махова, В.В. (2000). English-speaking countries: X.: Видавнича группа «Академія».
- 5. Сакун, А. В. (2003). Спецкурс "Лінгвокраїнознавство". К.: МАУП.
- 6. Яшенкова, О. В. (2006). Лінгвокраїнознавство. К.: КНУ ім. Шевченка.
- 7. O'Driscoll, J. (2014). Britain. Oxford University Press.
- ai,

8. Jancsó, D., Pintér, K. at al. (2010). Cultural relations. Brit, ausztrál, amerik kanadai országismereti nyelvkönyv. Akadémiai Kiadó: Budapest.
Mintafeladatok
This test consists of fifty questions: 2 points for each good answer
Total: 100 points
Working time 60 minutes
No dictionaries or other materials may be used.
<ol> <li>When he asks me the questions, just</li></ol>
<ol> <li>If you want to pass that exam, I</li></ol>
3. He wants to get a better and earn more money. a. employ b. job c. work d. employment
<ul><li>4. A defect can be causednegligence by one of the members of a team.</li><li>a. by</li><li>b. to</li><li>c. at</li><li>d. in</li></ul>
<ul><li>5 some employers oppose the very existence of unions, many theorists stress the necessity of unions.</li><li>a. Because b. Due to c. However d. Although</li></ul>
6. As long as have needs that need to be represented they'll need trade unions a. employees b. employers c. managers d. partners
7. She's got long hair and she wears it in a

	a. fringe d. wavy c. moustache d. ponytail
	Chris is quite
	I respect people. I think it's important to tell the truth. a. responsible b. patient c. honest d. ambitious
	I like Chris. He's got a great of humour. a. feeling b. understanding c. sense d. feel
	If you go jogging you usually wear trainers and a
12.	When you get to the airport, your luggage will have to be
	There has been a great in his English.  a. escalation b. improvement c. increase d. rise
	If you don't know what that word means, in the dictionary.  a. give it up b. look it up c. make it up d. show it up
	If you want to learn a new language you must
	We are into our new flat next week. a. arriving b. entering c. moving d. transporting
17.	They have a tennis at the bottom of their garden. a. court b. field c. ground d. pool
18.	Please wipe your feet on the door before you come in a. blanket b. mat c. rug d. tile
19.	The door will open if you it hard.  a. hold b. knock c. push d. throw
	My washing machine has, so I'm going to the laundrette. broken down b. gone out c. run down d. worn out
21.	Who is the patron saint of England?
a)	St. David b) St. George c) St. Bernard d) St. Michael
22.	Who is the patron saint of Scotland?

a) St. Andrew	b) St. George	c) St.Patrick	d) St. Michael		
23. Who is the patron saint of Northern Ireland?					
a) St. Michael	b) St.Patrick	c) St. Bernard	d) St. David		
24. Who is the patron sa	int of Wales?				
a) St. Michael	b) St. George	c) St. George	d) St. David		
25. When is St. George?	s Day?				
a) 17 March	b) 30 November	c) 23 April	d) 1 March		
26. When is St. Patrick'	s Day?				
a) 17 March	b) 30 November	c) 23 April	d) 1 March		
27. When is St. David's	Day?				
a) 17 March	b) 30 November	c) 23 April	d) 1 March		
28. When is St. Andrew	's Day?				
a) 17 March	b) 30 November	c) 23 April	d) 1 March		
29. When is Halloween	celebrated?				
a) 1 November	b) 5 November	c) 2 November	d) 31 October		
30. When is Guy Fawke	es Night celebrated?				
a) 1 November	b) 5 November	c) 2 November	d) 31		
October					
31. When is Remembra:	nce Day?				
a) 10 November	b) 5 November	c) 1 November	d) 11		
November					
32. What do many peop	le wear on Remembrar	nce Day in memory of	people who died?		
a) roses	b) daffodils	c) poppies	d) carnations		
33. John asked her, 'Ho	w long have you work	ed here?'			
<ul><li>a) John asked her how long she had worked there.</li><li>b) John asked her how long she has worked there.</li><li>c) John asked her how long she worked there.</li><li>d) John asked her how long had she worked there.</li></ul>					
<ul> <li>34. Anne reassured me, 'I can come tonight.'</li> <li>a) Anne told me I could come that night.</li> <li>b) Anne told me she could come that night.</li> <li>c) Anne told me she could come tomorrow evening.</li> <li>d) Anne said me she could come that night.</li> </ul>					
35. Did you seeexciting film. a) a/zero article b) an/an	movie abou	ut British castles? It wa	as		

	c) th	ne/ an				
	d) th	ne / zero article				
36.	How	much does	ticket cost? Unfo	ortunately. I don't		
	have	How much does ticket cost? Unfortunately, I don't nave money with me right now.				
	a) a/	zero article	, .			
	b) a/	the				
	c) th	ne/ an				
	d) ar	n/ zero article				
37.	All th	ne songs on this ne	w album	by my aunt.		
		ritten				
	b) w	rote				
	c) w	as written				
	d) w	ere written				
38.	They		an interesting program befor	re I came.		
	a)	have been watch	ing			
		have watched				
		are going to water				
	d)	had been watching	ng			
39.	I aske	ed two people the v	way to the market, but	could help n	ne.	
		either of whom	· ·			
	b)	neither of them				
		both of whom				
	d)	) both of them				
40.	Meas	les	considered a dangerous dise	ease1	onger.	
	a)	are not / any				
	b)	) is not / any				
		is / any				
	d)	are / much				
41.	Tom		_ already left when we	there.		
	a)	has / got				
		) will have / got				
		would / got				
	<b>d</b> )	) had / got				
42.	Here	tl	ne books.	one is yours?		
	a)	are / Where				
		) is / What				
		were / Where				
	<b>d</b> )	are / Which				

43. He was born	ten p.m	June 26th the	e year 1990.			
<ul><li>44. My uncle</li><li>a) has been working</li><li>b) works</li><li>c) will have worked</li><li>d) worked</li></ul>	in a bank for ten	years. Then he gave i	t up.			
45. What is the name of a) Futhark	f the runic alphabet? b) Futhorc	c) Rooney	d) Runica			
46. What is another nama) Middle English	ne for Old English? b) Anglo-Saxon	c) Celtic	d)Jute			
<ul><li>47. Which one of the following texts was composed during the Old English period?</li><li>a) The Canterbury Tales</li><li>b) Fyrst Boke of the Introduction of Knowledge</li><li>c) Beowulf</li><li>d) King James' Bible</li></ul>						
48. What is RP often ide a) Cockney	entified with in the pub b) Pidgin		d) BBC English			
49. Which geographical a) western b) sou		n have? c) northern	d) eastern			
50. What is the name of a) General Standard b) Received Pronunciatic) General American d) Cockney	_	onunciation standard?				